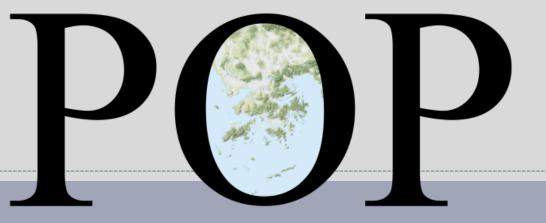


## HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

**Latest Tracking Poll Results** 

June 22, 2021



#### HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE 香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

Community Democracy Project -Community Health Module Latest Results June 22, 2021

### **Contact Information - Community Health Module**

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	HKPOP Panel					
Date of survey	May 31, 3pm –	June 21, 3pm				
Survey method	Online s	urvey				
Target population	Hong Kong resid	lents aged 12+				
	Representative Panel	Volunteer Panel				
Total sample size	1,097	8,948				
Response rate	12.3%	10.6%				
Sampling error	Sampling error of percentages at +/-3% at 95% confidence levelSampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level					
Weighting method	The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.					

- Latest survey period: 31/5-21/6/2021 (Representative Panel N=1,092 Volunteer Panel N=8,930)
- Last survey period: 24-31/5/2021 (Representative Panel N=1,007 Volunteer Panel N=8,130)
- Second last survey period: 10-24/5/2021 (Representative Panel N=1,063 Volunteer Panel N=8,494)

<b>Opinion Question^</b>			ative Panel ,092)	Volunteer Panel (N=8,930)		
		Don't know / Average hard to say		Don't know / hard to say	Average	
Q1 How likely do you think	Latest	24%	10% 🚩*	18%	8%	
it is that you will contract novel coronavirus pneumonia over the next one month? [Logarithmic Scale]	Last	27%	12%	18%	8%	
	Second Last	24%	10%	22%	10%	

^ Answer options included: 0-10 rating scale, others and don't know / hard to say. Answer options changed from linear scale to logarithmic scale since Oct 2020. \* Significant change

#### Representative Panel - Average Infected case(s) (Ytd) 200 35% 100% 90% 175 30% 80% 150 25% 70% Infected case(s) (Ytd) 125 60% 20% Average 100 50% 15% 40% 75 10% 50 5% 25 10% 0 0% 0% 1/2020 2/2020 3/2020 4/2020 5/2020 6/2020 7/2020 8/2020 9/2020 10/2020 11/2020 12/2020 1/2021 2/2021 3/2021 4/2021 5/2021 Month of Release

#### Assessment of the public's expected chance of COVID-19 infection

^ Answer options included: 0-10 rating scale, others and don't know / hard to say. Answer options changed from linear scale to logarithmic scale since Oct 2020. \* Significant change

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- Latest survey period: 31/5-21/6/2021 (Representative Panel N=1,097 Volunteer Panel N=8,936)
- Last survey period: 24-31/5/2021 (Representative Panel N=1,009 Volunteer Panel N=8,138)
- Second last survey period: 10-24/5/2021 (Representative Panel N=1,067 Volunteer Panel N=8,506)

<b>Opinion Question^</b>		<b>Representative Panel (N=1,097)</b>				Volunteer Panel (N=8,936)			
		Satisfied	Half-half	Dissatisfied	Mean <sup>†</sup>	Satisfied	Half-half	Dissatisfied	Mean <sup>†</sup>
Q2 How satisfied or dissatisfied are you	Latest	24%	20%	56%	2.3	27%	10% 🔻	<b>63%*</b>	2.2
with the government's performance in handling novel	Last	27%	18%	54%	2.4	27%	14%	58%	2.3
coronavirus pneumonia?	Second Last	23%	19%	58%	2.2	24%	13%	63%	2.2

^ Answer options included: very much satisfied, somewhat satisfied, half-half, somewhat dissatisfied, very much dissatisfied and don't know / hard to say † The mean value is calculated by quantifying all individual responses into 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 marks according to their degree of positive level, where 1 is the lowest and 5 the highest, and then calculate the sample mean.

\* Significant change

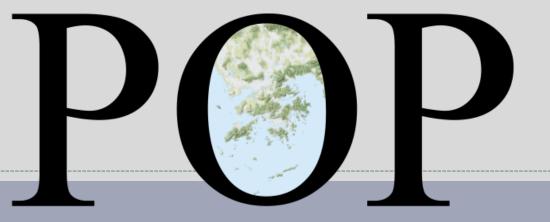
Infected case(s) (Ytd) Representative Panel - Satisfied Volunteer Panel - Satisfied Representative Panel - Dissatisfied ----- Volunteer Panel - Dissatisfied 200 90% 80% 175 70% 150 60% Infected case(s) (Ytd Percentage 50% 100 40% 75 30% 50 20% 24%25 10% 0% 0 1/2020 2/2020 3/2020 4/2020 5/2020 6/2020 7/2020 8/2020 9/2020 10/2020 11/2020 12/2020 1/2021 2/2021 3/2021 4/2021 5/2021

**Month of Release** 

Appraisal of HK Government's performance in handling novel coronavirus pneumonia

^ Answer options included: very much satisfied, somewhat satisfied, half-half, somewhat dissatisfied, very much dissatisfied and don't know / hard to say

#### \* Significant change



#### HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE 香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

#### 限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 22/6/2021

#### 樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查 Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel
調查日期 Survey date	17/5 15:00 – 24/5 15:00
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+
總成功樣本 Total sample size	6,583
回應比率 Response rate	7.0%
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字; 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.

#### 限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index

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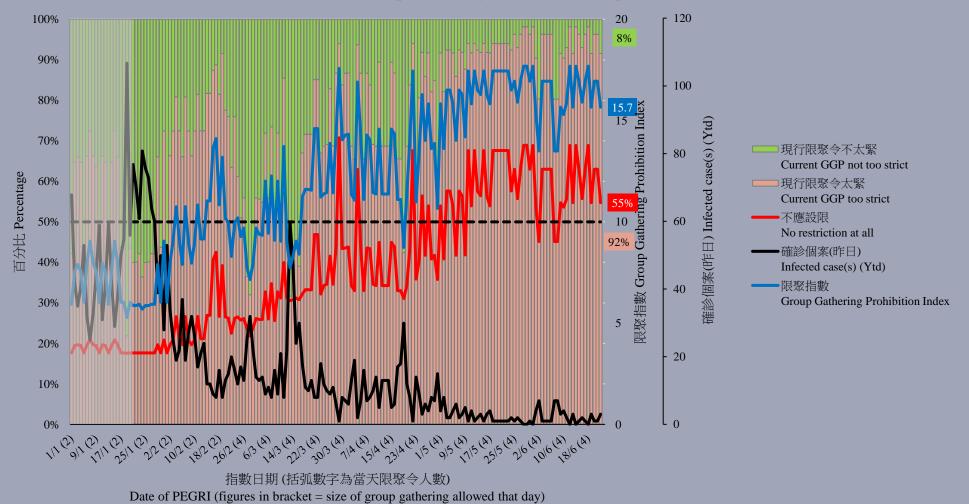
- <u>最新</u>調查日期 <u>Latest</u> survey date: 17-24/5/2021 (N=6,583)
- <u>上次</u>調查日期 <u>Last</u> survey date: 16-21/4/2021 (N=6,330)
- <u>上上次</u>調查日期 <u>Second last</u> survey date: 22-29/3/2021 (N=6,806)

意見題目	<b>Opinion Questions</b>
你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」? • 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」 • 不應該,應視乎疫情而定 • 不知道/很難說	<ul> <li>Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?</li> <li>Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally</li> <li>No, it should depend on the epidemic situation</li> <li>Don't know / hard to say</li> </ul>
[追問沒有選擇應該"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? 你認為感染個案清零多少天後,限聚令應該全面撤銷? 請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數]組合	<ul> <li>[For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"]</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?</li> <li>After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether?</li> <li>Please list combinations of [number of cases &amp; number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:</li> </ul>

#### 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level**

限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

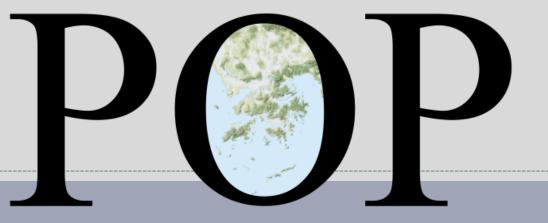


#### 限聚指數 - 分析評論

#### **Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary**

香港教育中心商會副主席任偉豪指出:「政府昨日終於宣佈放寬防疫措施,這早就應該做了。 可是,業界普遍反應不大,因為只是杯水車薪。食肆依然維持四類複雜的分類,只是放寬了要 求最嚴格、最難做到的C及D類。況且,酒吧及卡拉OK的限制依然極大,幫助非常有限。其實, 現在社區中已多日無本地確診個案,我認為政府絕對有條件更大幅度地放寬防疫措施,讓市民 過更正常的生活。」

Vice Chairman of The Hong Kong Chamber of Education Centres Yam Wai Ho observed, "The government finally announced yesterday that it would relax its anti-epidemic measures, which it should have been done a long time ago. However, the industry generally does not have much response, as the relaxation is so little. Restaurants still have to maintain four complicated classifications, only the most demanding Categories C and D are relaxed, but they are too difficult to achieve anyway. Moreover, the restrictions on bars and karaoke are still very tight, the new measures can help very little. As a matter of fact, there was zero local confirmed case in the community for many days, I think the epidemic prevention arrangements can definitely be relaxed a lot more, so that the people can live a more normal life."



## HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

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**Latest Tracking Poll Results** 

June 22, 2021

#### **Contact Information**

- Date of survey: 7-10/6/2021
- Survey method: Random telephone survey conducted by real interviewers
- Target population: Cantonese-speaking Hong Kong residents aged 18 or above
- Sample size: 1,008 (including 507 landline and 501 mobile samples)
- Effective response rate: 55.1%
- Sampling error: Sampling error of percentages not more than +/-4% and that of ratings not more than +/-2.9 at 95% conf. level
- Weighting method: Rim-weighted according to figures provided by the Census and Statistics Department. The gender-age distribution of the Hong Kong population came from "Mid-year population for 2020", while the educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution came from "Women and Men in Hong Kong Key Statistics (2020 Edition)".

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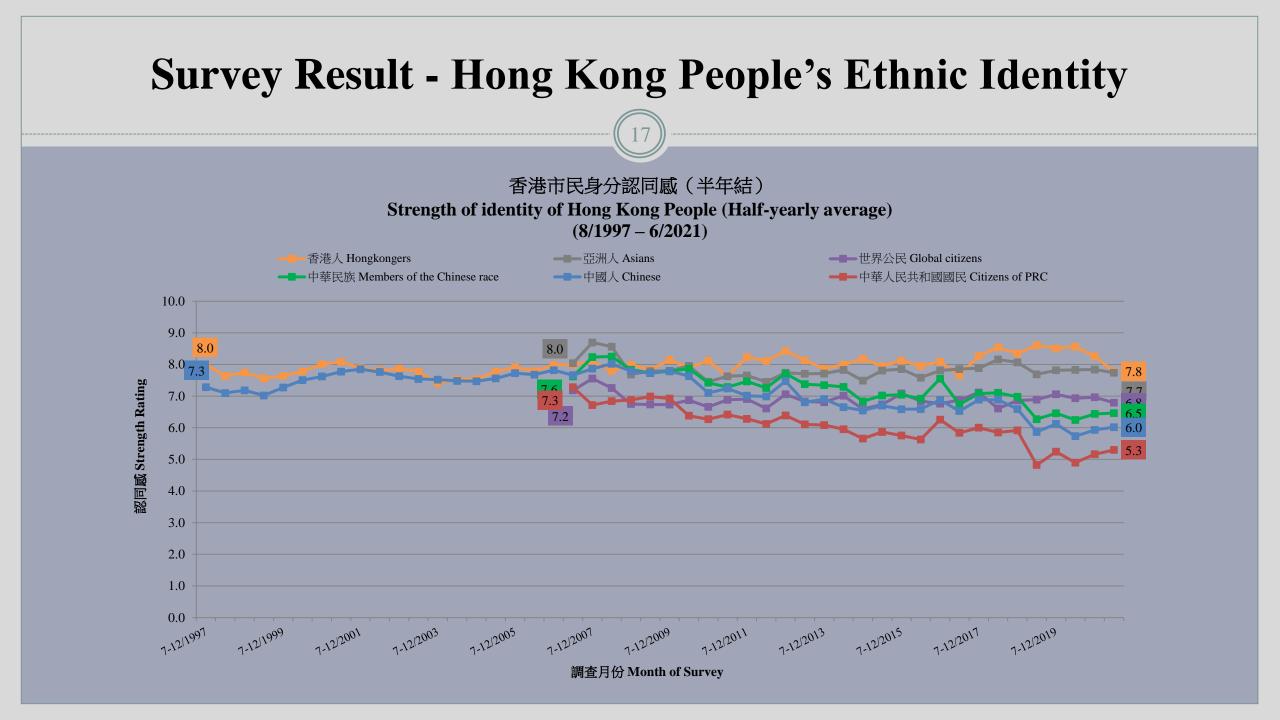
• Hong Kong People's Ethnic Identity [Overall sample results] •Independent ratings Strength rating (1997-2021) **▲**Importance rating (2008-2021) oIdentity Index (2008-2021) • The dichotomy of "Hongkonger" versus "Chinese" identity (1997-2021)• In-depth analysis by age groups

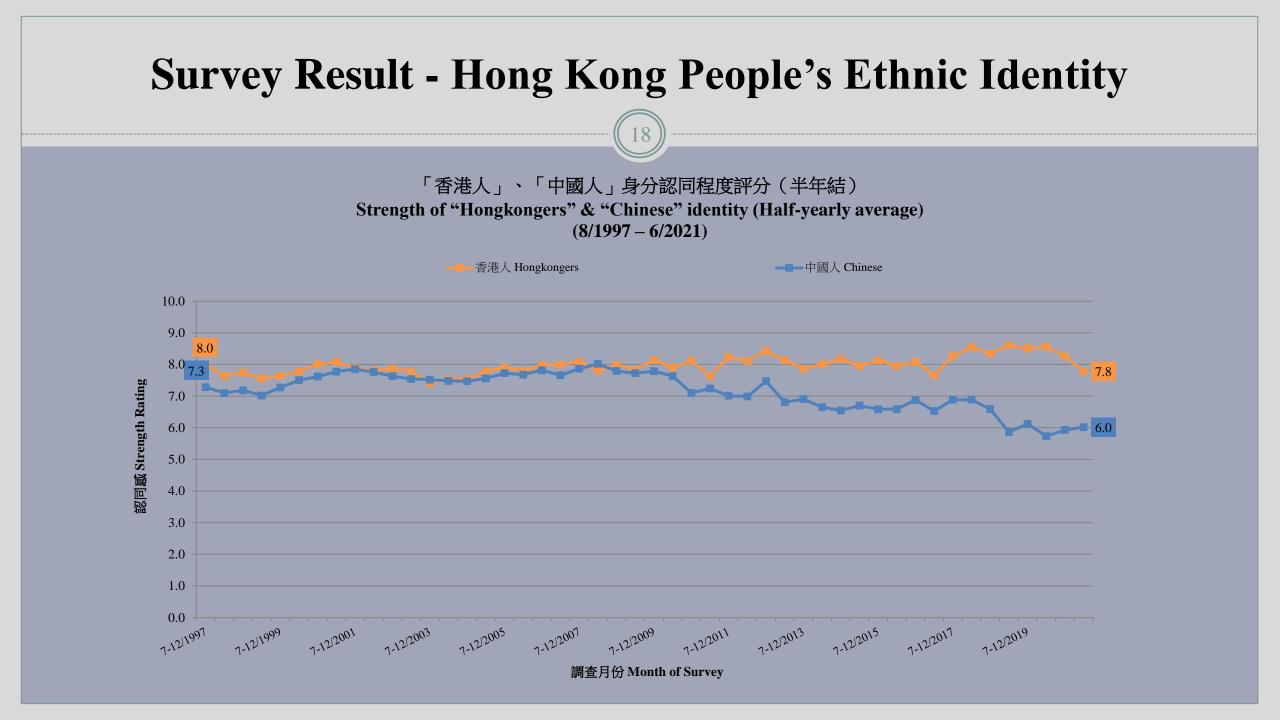
• Analysis of the identity differences by year

# Independent ratings - Strength rating

	7-10/12/2020	7-10/6/2021	Change	Record
Hongkongers	8.3	7.8	<b>V</b> 0.5 *	Record low since Jun. 2017
Asians	7.8	7.7	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2019
Global citizens	7.0	6.8	▼0.2	Record low since Jun. 2018
Members of the Chinese race	6.4	6.5		
Chinese	5.9	6.0	▲0.1	Record high since Dec. 2019
Citizens of the PRC	5.2	5.3	▲0.1	Record high since Dec. 2018

• Compared with half a year ago, the strength rating of "Hongkongers" has significantly dropped, while other figures have not registered significant changes.





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Hong Kong People's Ethnic Identity [Overall sample results]
 Independent ratings

Strength rating (1997-2021)

Importance rating (2008-2021)

oIdentity Index (2008-2021)

• The dichotomy of "Hongkonger" versus "Chinese" identity (1997-2021)

• In-depth analysis by age groups

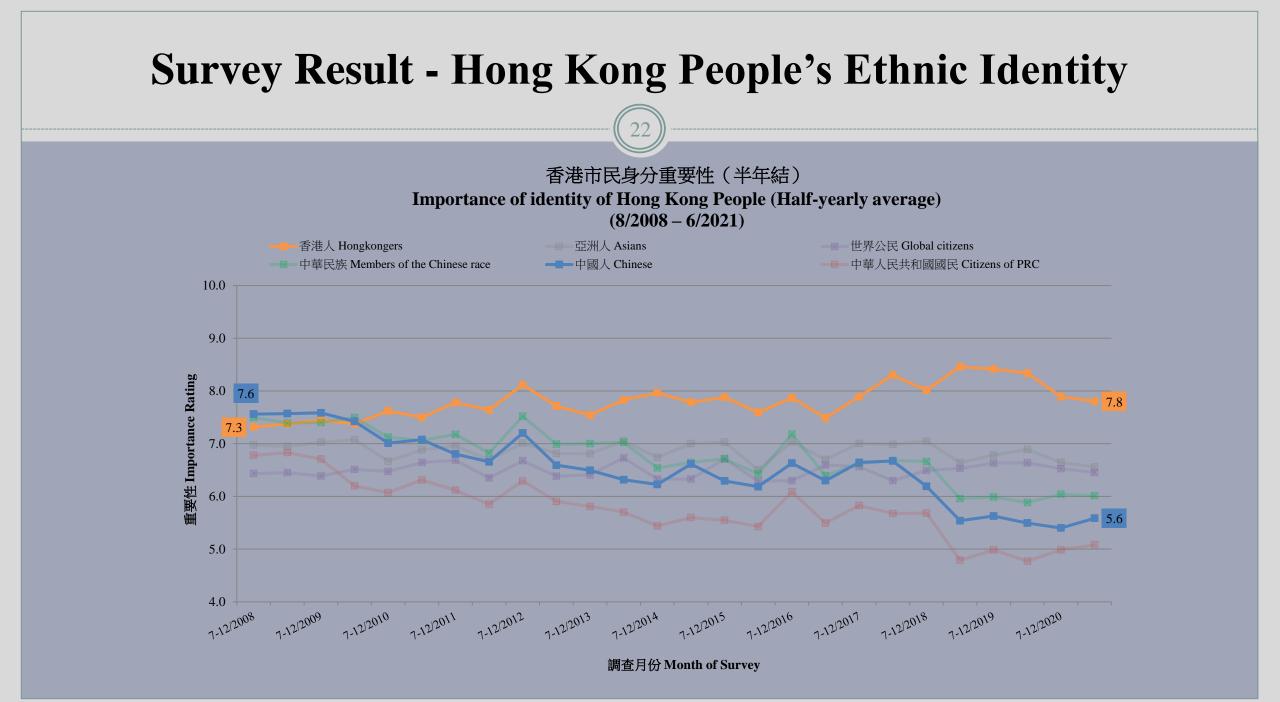
• Analysis of the identity differences by year

# Independent ratings - Importance rating

	7-10/12/2020	7-10/6/2021	Change	Record
Hongkongers	7.9	7.8	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2017
Asians	6.6	6.6	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2016
Global citizens	6.5	6.5	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2018
Members of the Chinese race	6.0	6.0		
Chinese	5.4	5.6	<b>0.2</b>	Record high since Dec. 2019
Citizens of the PRC	5.0	5.1	▲0.1	Record high since Dec. 2018

• The importance rating of "Asians" has registered record low since June 2016.





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Hong Kong People's Ethnic Identity [Overall sample results]
 Independent ratings

Strength rating (1997-2021)

×Importance rating (2008-2021)

OIdentity Index (2008-2021)

• The dichotomy of "Hongkonger" versus "Chinese" identity (1997-2021)

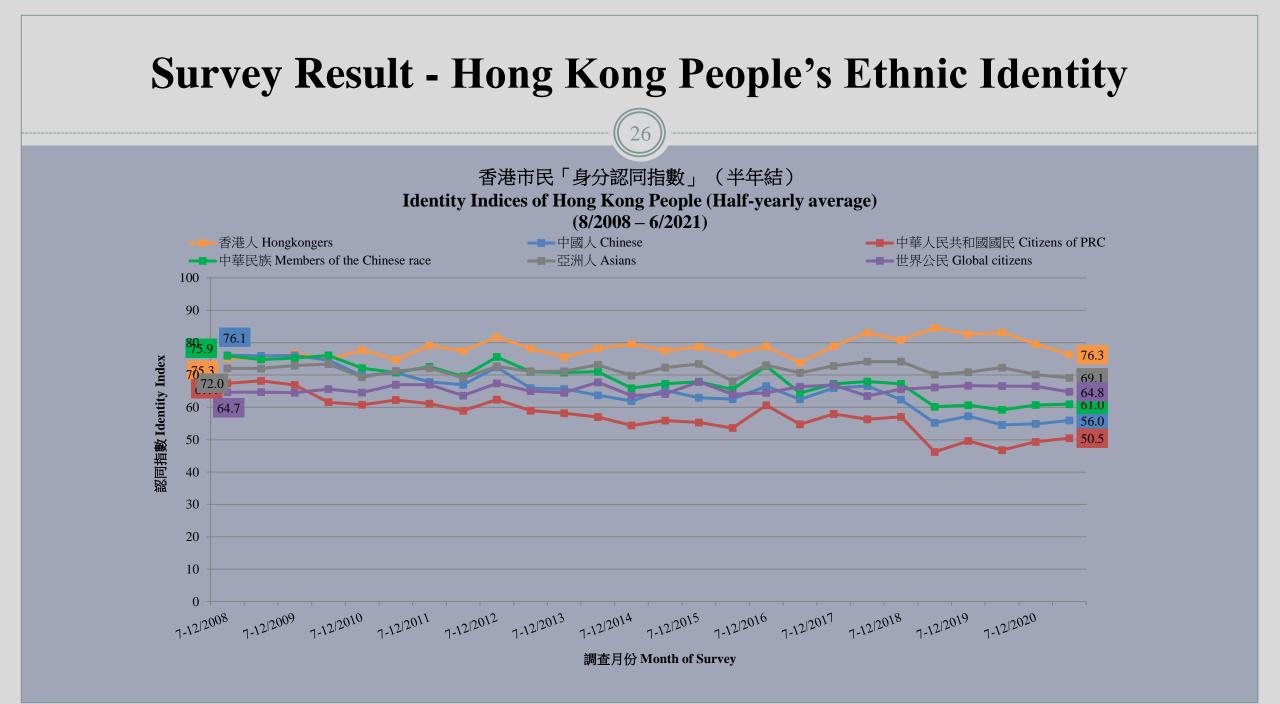
• In-depth analysis by age groups

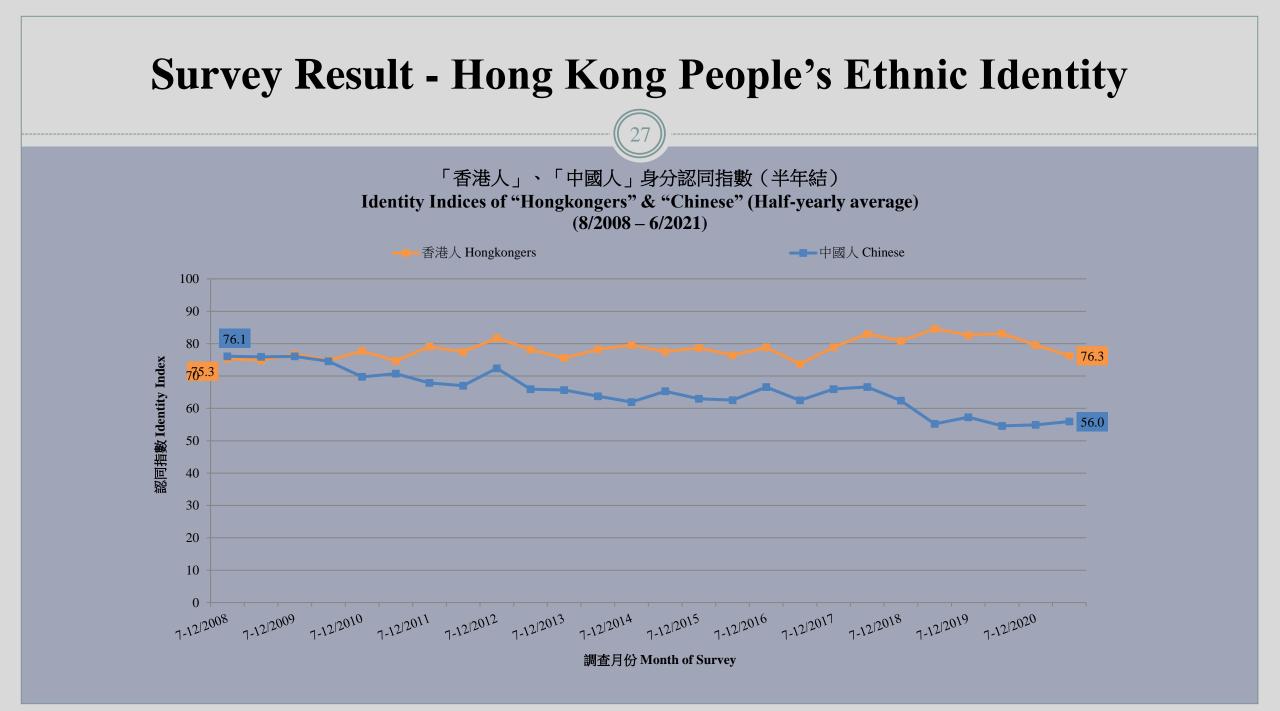
• Analysis of the identity differences by year

# Independent ratings - Identity Index

	7-10/12/2020	7-10/6/2021	Change	Record
Hongkongers	79.5	76.3	▼3.3 *	Record low since Jun. 2017
Asians	70.1	69.1	▼1.0	Record low since Jun. 2016
Global citizens	66.5	64.8	▼1.7	Record low since Jun. 2018
Members of the Chinese race	60.7	61.0	▲0.2	Record high since Dec. 2018
Chinese	54.9	56.0	<b>1.0</b>	Record high since Dec. 2019
Citizens of the PRC	49.3	50.5	▲1.1	Record high since Dec. 2018

• Taking the geometric mean of the strength and importance ratings of each respondent and then multiply it by 10, we have an "identity index" between 0 and 100, with 0 meaning no feeling and 100 meaning extremely strong feeling.





# Independent ratings and Identity Index

- Results of independent rating questions that do not involve choosing one among identities show that whether in terms of strength rating, importance rating or identity index, the identity of "Hongkongers" continues to rank first, followed by "Asians", "global citizens", "members of the Chinese race", "Chinese" and "citizens of the PRC".
- Compared with half a year ago, the strength rating and identity index of "Hongkongers" have significantly dropped, while other figures have not registered significant changes.
- Meanwhile, the importance rating and identity index of "Asians" have both registered record lows since June 2016.

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		7 10/10/2020	7 10/(/2021	Cleases	Descel
		7-10/12/2020	7-10/6/2021	Change	Record
	Strength rating	8.3	7.8	<b>V</b> 0.5 *	Record low since Jun. 2017
Hongkonger	Importance rating	7.9	7.8	▼0.1 *	Record low since Jun. 2017
	Identity index	79.5	76.3	▼3.3 *	Record low since Jun. 2017
	Strength rating	7.8	7.7	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2019
Asians	Importance rating	6.6	6.6	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2016
	Identity index	70.1	69.1	▼1.0	Record low since Jun. 2016
	Strength rating	7.0	6.8	▼0.2	Record low since Jun. 2018
Global citizens	Importance rating	6.5	6.5	▼0.1	Record low since Jun. 2018
	Identity index	66.5	64.8	▼1.7	Record low since Jun. 2018
	Strength rating	6.4	6.5		
Members of Chinese race	Importance rating	6.0	6.0		
	Identity index	60.7	61.0	▲0.2	Record high since Dec. 2018
	Strength rating	5.9	6.0	▲0.1	Record high since Dec. 2019
Chinese	Importance rating	5.4	5.6	<b>0.2</b>	Record high since Dec. 2019
	Identity index	54.9	56.0	<b>1.0</b>	Record high since Dec. 2019
	Strength rating	5.2	5.3	▲0.1	Record high since Dec. 2018
Members of the PRC	Importance rating	5.0	5.1	▲0.1	Record high since Dec. 2018
	Identity index	49.3	50.5	<b>1.1</b>	Record high since Dec. 2018

Significant change

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• Hong Kong People's Ethnic Identity [Overall sample results]

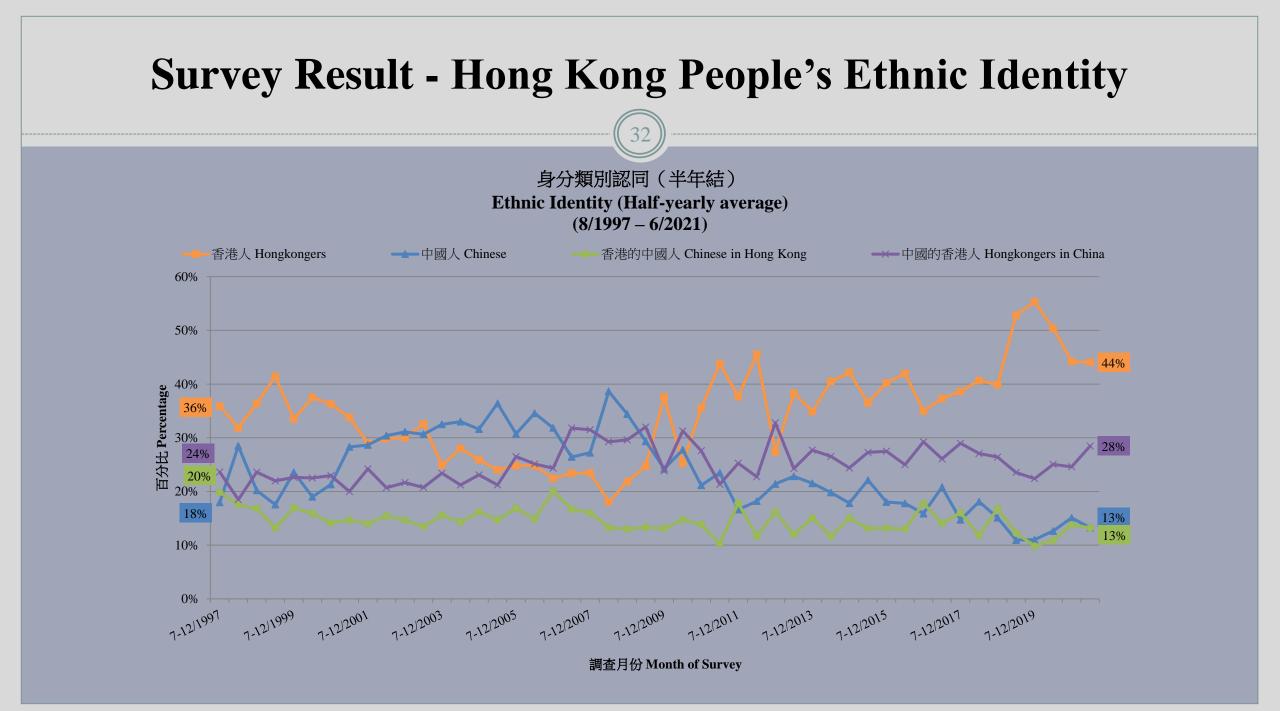
- OIndependent ratings
  - Strength rating (1997-2021)
  - ×Importance rating (2008-2021)
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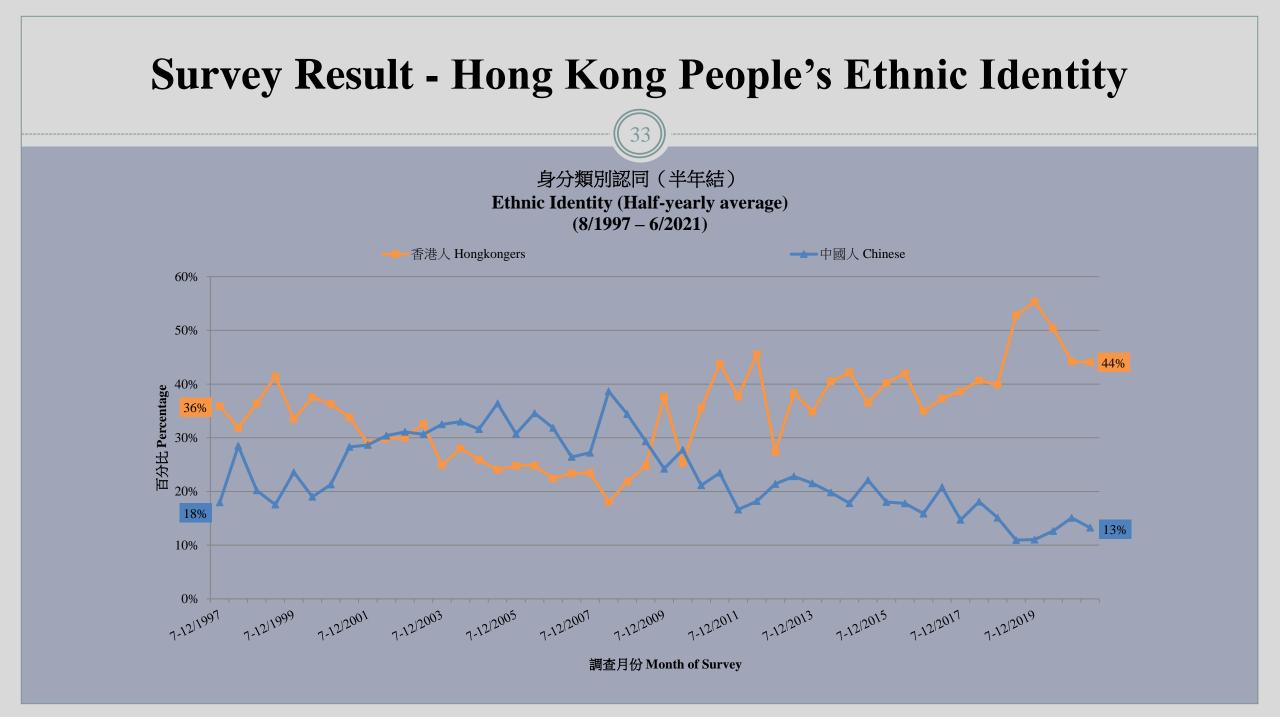
#### • The dichotomy of "Hongkonger" versus "Chinese" identity

	7-10/12/2020	7-10/6/2021	Change	Record
Identified as "Hongkongers"	44%	44%		
Identified as "Chinese"	15%	13%	<b>2%</b>	Record low since Jun. 2020
Identified as "Hong Kong Chinese"	14%	13%	<b>V</b> 1%	Record low since Jun. 2020
Identified as "Chinese Hongkonger"	25%	28%	<b>4%</b>	Record high since Dec. 2017
Identified as "Hongkongers" in broad sense#	69%	72%	<b>4%</b>	Record high since Jun. 2020
Identified as "Chinese" in broad sense#	29%	26%	▼3%	Record low since Jun. 2020
Identified with a mixed identity of "Hongkongers" and "Chinese"@	38%	42%	<b>3%</b>	Record high since Dec. 2018

• Whether in their narrow and broad senses, the proportions of people identifying themselves as "Hongkongers" outnumber those of "Chinese".

# "Hongkongers" in broad sense, namely answer "Hongkongers" or "Chinese Hongkongers"; "Chinese" in broad sense, namely answer "Chinese" or "Hong Kong Chinese". (a) The mixed identity of "Hongkongers" and "Chinese ", namely answer "Hong Kong Chinese" or "Chinese Hongkongers".

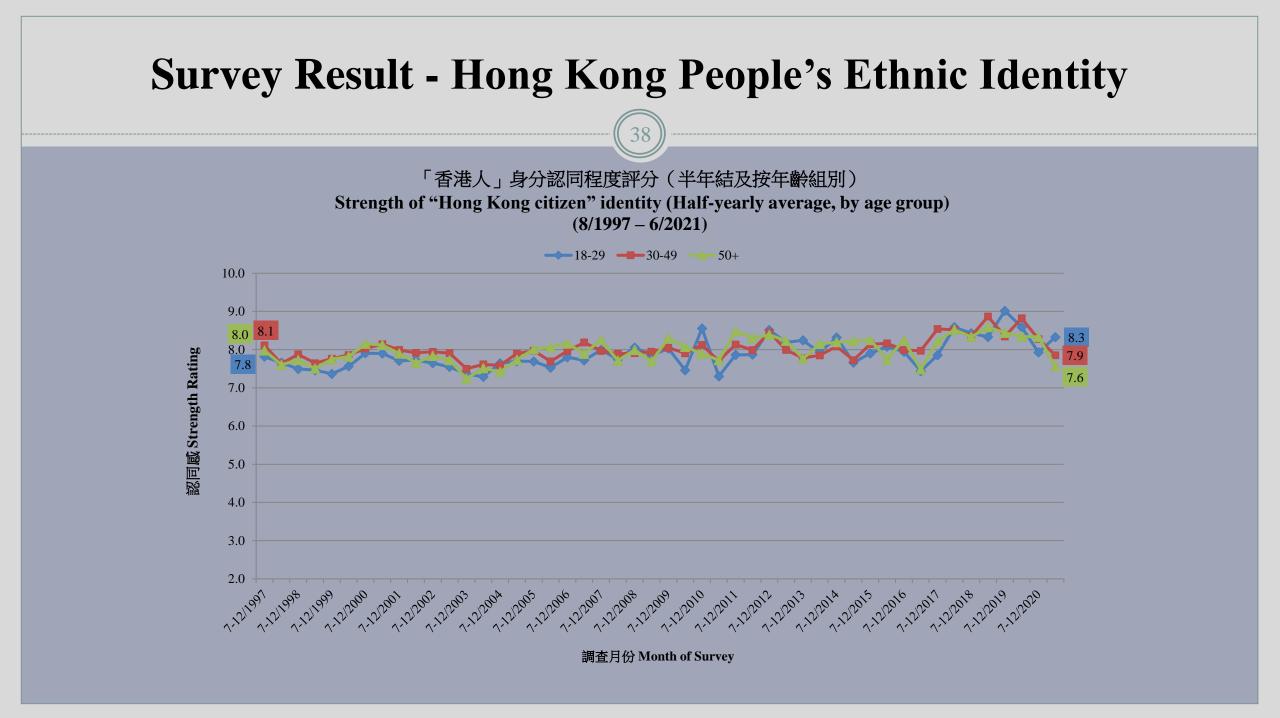




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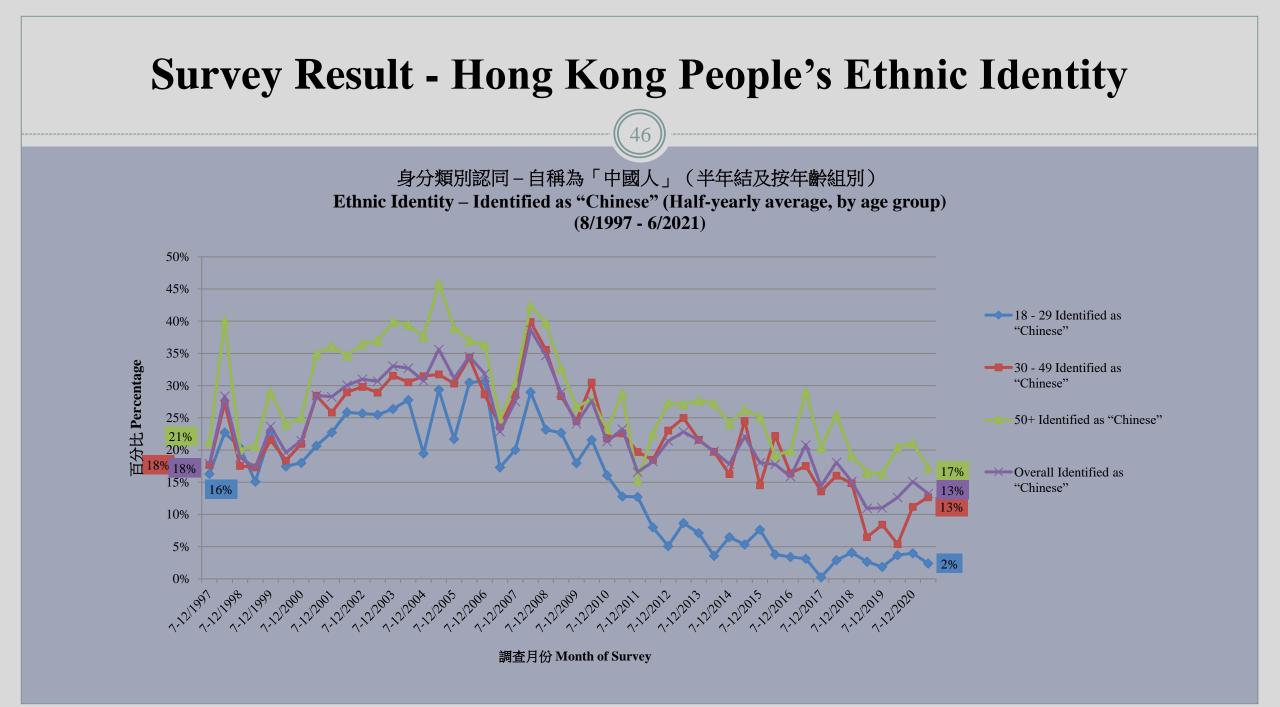
• Hong Kong People's Ethnic Identity [Overall sample results] **O**Independent ratings Strength rating (1997-2021) ×Importance rating (2008-2021) oIdentity Index (2008-2021) • The dichotomy of "Hongkonger" versus "Chinese" identity (1997-2021)

In-depth analysis by age groups
Analysis of the identity differences by year









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- Hong Kong People's Ethnic Identity [Overall sample results] **O**Independent ratings Strength rating (1997-2021) **▲**Importance rating (2008-2021) oIdentity Index (2008-2021) • The dichotomy of "Hongkonger" versus "Chinese" identity (1997-2021)
- In-depth analysis by age groups
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