HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

Latest Tracking Poll Results

December 28, 2021

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限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 28/12/2021

樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel			
調查日期 Survey date	17/12 15:00 – 27/12 15:00			
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey			
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+			
總成功樣本 Total sample size	5,063			
回應比率 Response rate	5.7%			
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level			
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字; 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.			

限聚指數

Group Gathering Prohibition Index

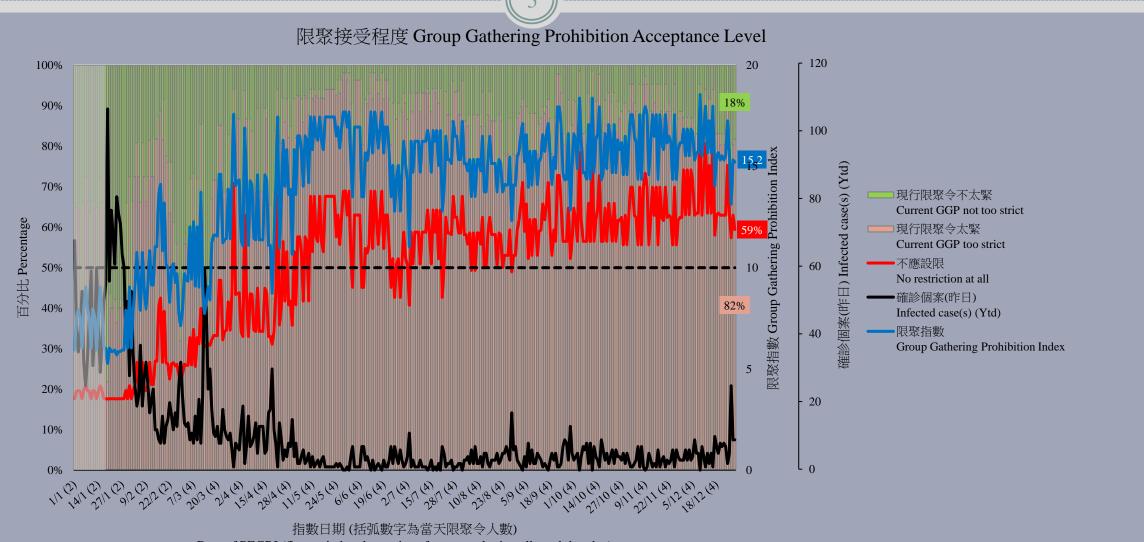
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- 最新調查日期 Latest survey date: 17-27/12/2021 (N=5,063)
- 上次調查日期 Last survey date: 23-29/11/2021 (N=5,888)
- 上上次調查日期 Second last survey date: 18-25/10/2021 (N=5,974)

意見題目 **Opinion Questions** 你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」? Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong? 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」 Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally 不應該,應視乎疫情而定 No, it should depend on the epidemic situation 不知道/很難說 Don't know / hard to say [追問沒有選擇應該"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] [For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於2人? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人? to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? 你認為感染個案清零多少天後, 限聚令應該全面撤銷? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate 請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數]組合..... to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people? After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether? Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:

調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



Date of PEGRI (figures in bracket = size of group gathering allowed that day)

限聚指數 - 分析評論 Group Gathering Prohibition Index - Commentary

復興經濟民生大聯盟成員任偉豪指出:「林鄭特首已上京述職回來,但依然未能為港成功爭取通關。原因可能在於中央認為並沒有必要與香港通關,加上西安疫症再度大爆發以及要應付冬奧此頭等國家大事,如與港通關只會令國家徒添變數。最想通關的,可能是急於開展施政報告中的大灣區大計的林鄭特首。」

Yam Wai Ho, member of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood observed, "Chief Executive Carrie Lam has gone to Beijing to report her work, but she still failed to obtain border resumption for Hong Kong. The reason may be that China government believes that there is no need to resume the border crossing with Hong Kong, coupled with the recurrence of the Xi'an epidemic and the need to cope with the top national event of the Winter Olympics, border resumption with Hong Kong will only add variables to the country. The person who most wants to resume border may be Chief Executive Carrie Lam, who is eager to carry out the plan for the Greater Bay Area in the Policy Address."

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- Date of survey: 9-14/12/2021
- Survey method: Random telephone survey conducted by real interviewers
- Target population: Cantonese-speaking Hong Kong residents aged 18 or above
- Sample size: 1,017 (including 505 landline and 512 mobile samples)
- Effective response rate: 58.0%
- Sampling error: Sampling error of percentages not more than +/-4%, that of net values not more than +/-7% and that of ratings not more than +/-0.1 at 95% conf. level
- Weighting method: Rim-weighted according to figures provided by the Census and Statistics Department. The gender-age distribution of the Hong Kong population came from "Mid-year population for 2020", while the educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution came from "Women and Men in Hong Kong Key Statistics (2020 Edition)".

Survey Topic

2021 Review and 2022 Forecast

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Appraisal of HK's development in the year past

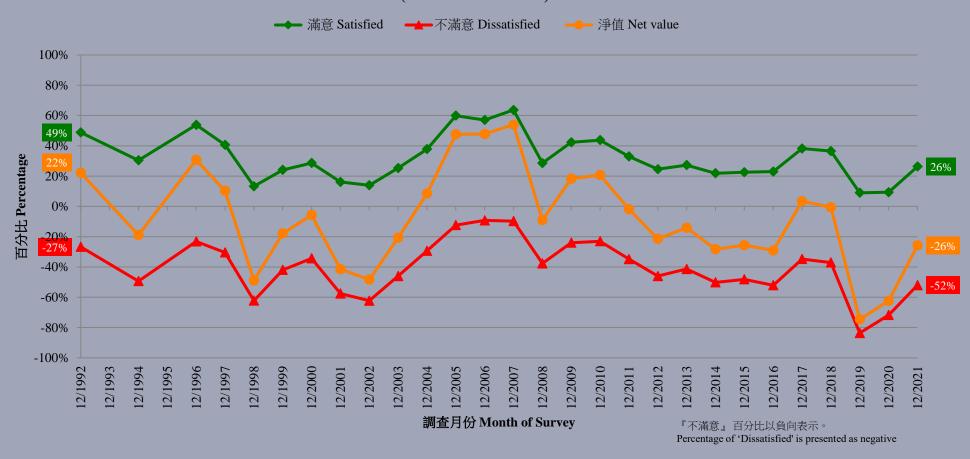
	18-22/12/2020	9-14/12/2021	Change	Record
Satisfaction rate	9%	26%	▲17% *	Record high since Dec. 2018
Dissatisfaction rate	72%	52%	▼20% *	Record low since Dec. 2018
Net satisfaction rate	-62%	-26%	▲37 % *	Record high since Dec. 2018
Mean value	1.9	2.5	▲ 0.6 *	Record high since Dec. 2018

Our annual year-end survey shows that 26% were satisfied with Hong Kong's development in the year past, 52% were dissatisfied, giving a net satisfaction of negative 26 percentage points. The mean score is 2.5, meaning between "quite dissatisfied" and "half-half" in general. The situation continued to improve significantly compared to last two years.

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市民對香港過去一年發展的滿意度(按次計算)

Satisfaction with Hong Kong's Development in the year past (Per Poll) (12/1992 - 12/2021)

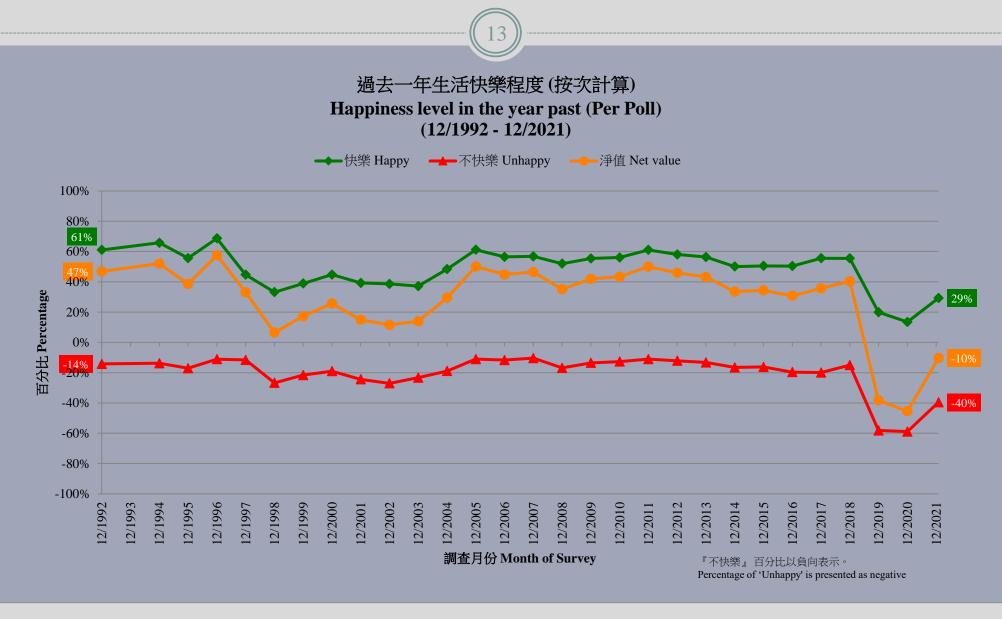


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Happiness level in the year past

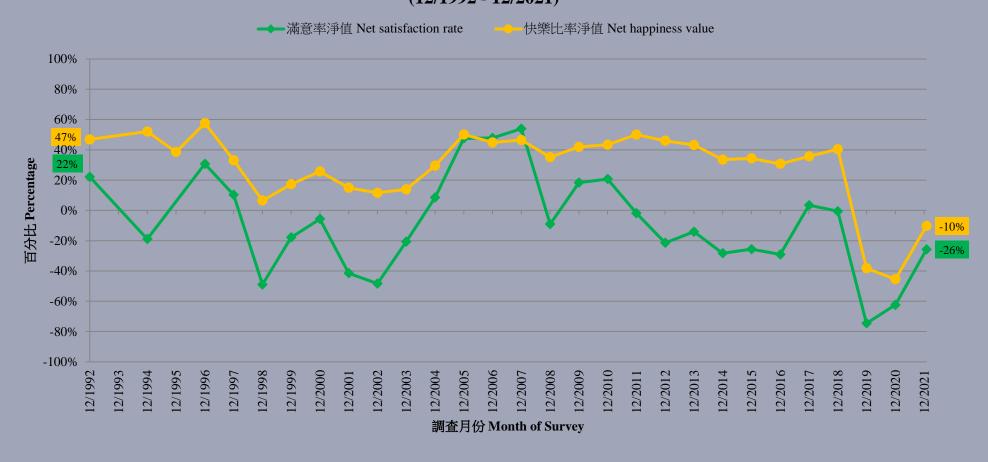
	18-22/12/2020	9-14/12/2021	Change	Record
Нарру	13%	29%	▲ 16% *	Record high since Dec. 2018
Unhappy	59%	40%	V 19% *	Record low since Dec. 2018
Net happiness value	-45%	-10%	▲ 35% *	Record high since Dec. 2018
Mean value	2.2	2.8	_0.5 *	Record high since Dec. 2018

• At an individual level, 29% said they lived a happy life in the year past, 40% said they were not happy, giving a net happiness value of negative 10 percentage points. The mean score is 2.8, meaning close to "half-half" in general. The situation has also improved significantly compared to last two years.



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對香港過去一年發展的滿意度及生活快樂程度 (按次計算) Satisfaction with HK's development and Happiness level in the year past (Per Poll) (12/1992 - 12/2021)



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Expectation of HK's development next year

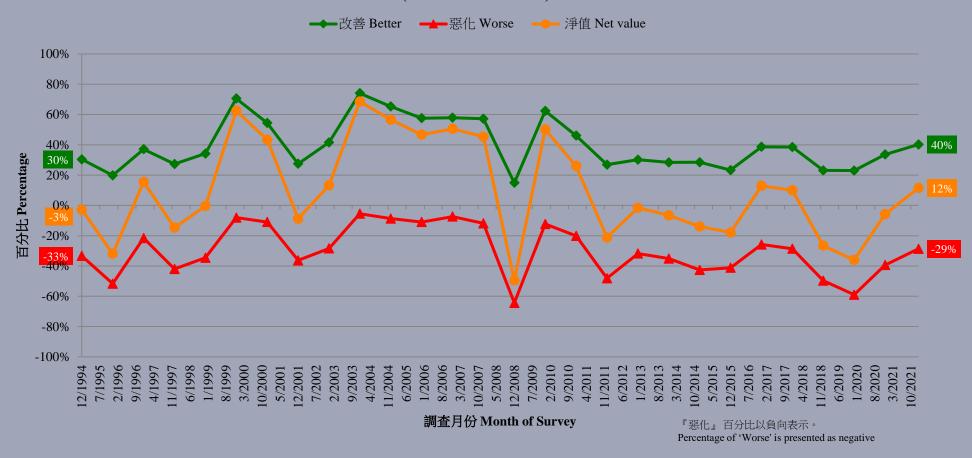
	18-22/12/2020	9-14/12/2021	Change	Record
Better	34%	40%	▲7 % *	Record high since Dec. 2010
Worse	39%	29%	V 11% *	Record low since Dec. 2017
Net optimism	-6%	12%	▲17 % *	Record high since Dec. 2016

• Looking ahead, 40% expected Hong Kong's overall development next year would be better than last year, 29% said it would be worse, giving a net optimism of positive 12 percentage points, which has also increased significantly from last year and registered a record high since 2016.



預期來年香港整體發展(按次計算)

Expectation of Hong Kong's development next year (Per Poll) (12/1994 - 12/2021)



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Expectation of personal development next year

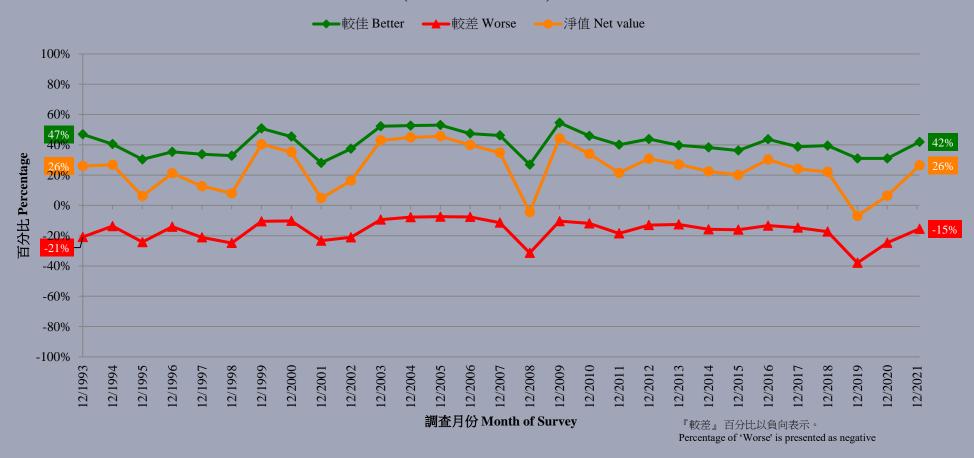
	18-22/12/2020	9-14/12/2021	Change	Record
Better	31%	42%	11% *	Record high since Dec. 2016
Worse	25%	15%	V 9% *	Record low since Dec. 2017
Net optimism	6%	26%	▲20% *	Record high since Dec. 2016

• As for the coming year, 42% believed their personal development would become better, 15% thought they would be getting worse, giving a net optimism of positive 26 percentage points, which has also increased significantly from last year and registered a new record high since 2016.

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預計來年個人發展(按次計算)

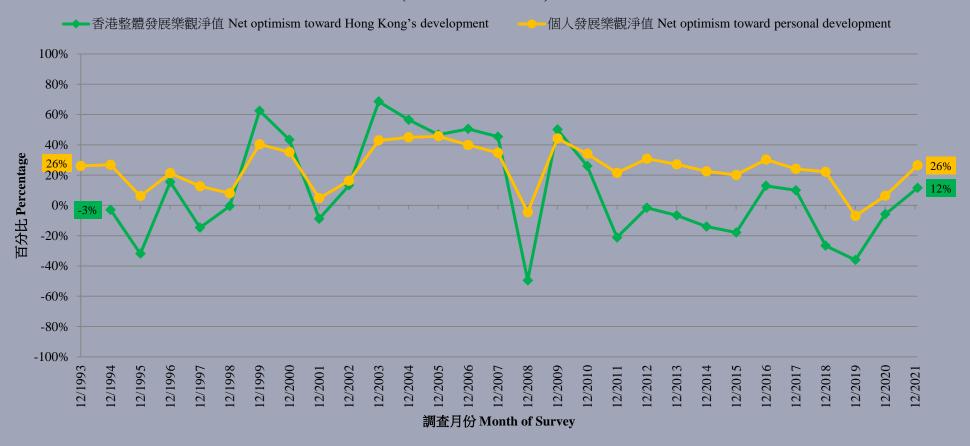
Expectation of personal development next year (Per Poll) (12/1993 - 12/2021)



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預計來年香港整體發展及個人發展(按次計算)

Expectation of Hong Kong's development and personal development next year (Per Poll) (12/1993 - 12/2021)



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New Year wishes

	18-22/12/2020	9-14/12/2021	Change	Record
Society-related	49%	40%	▼9% *	Record low since Dec. 2018
Personal matters	22%	22%		
World peace-related	7%	6%	V 1%	Record low since Dec. 1998
No special wish	10%	18%	▲8 % *	All-time record high since Dec. 1992

• As for people's New Year wishes, society-related ones continued to drop to 40%, while 22% were wishes related to personal matters. Only 6% were world peace-related, registering a record low since 1998. Meanwhile, as many as 18% said they did not have New Year wishes, registering a new high since the survey series began in 1992.



新年願望(按次計算)

New Year wishes (Per Poll) (12/1992 - 12/2021)

