## HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

## HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

# 限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 28/12/2021

## 樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

**Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey** 

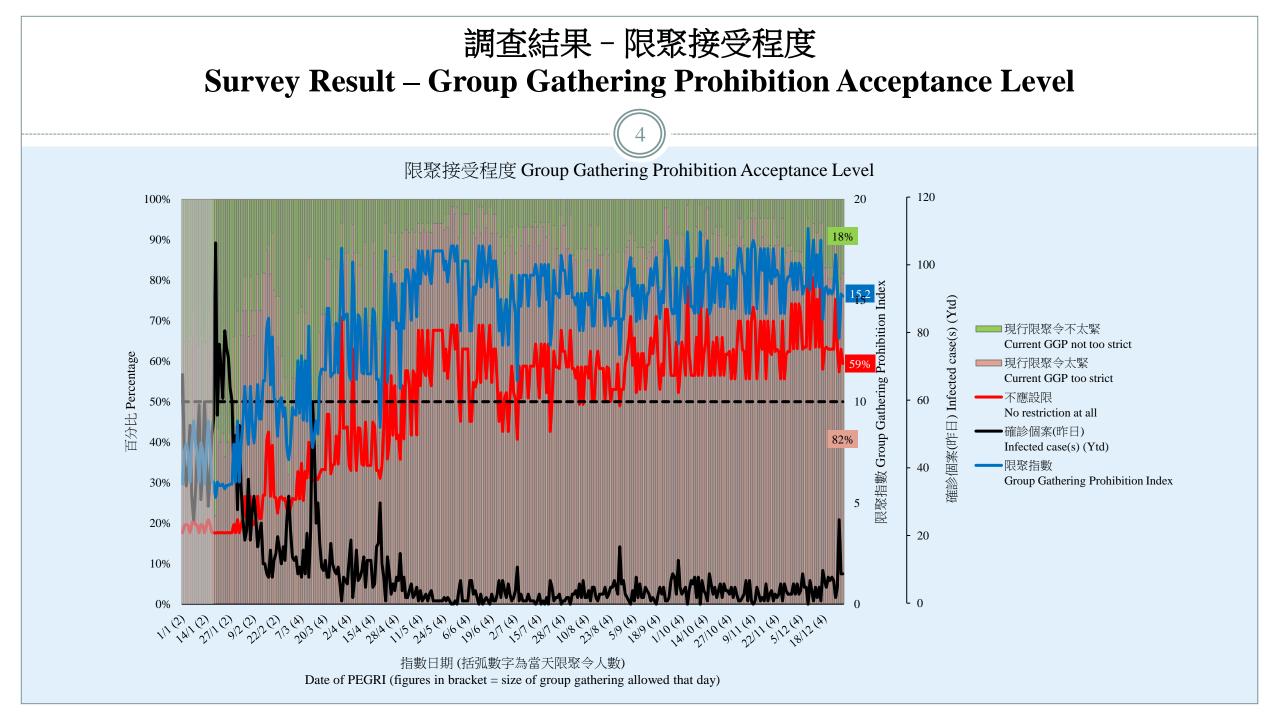
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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel	
調查日期 Survey date	$17/12\ 15:00-27/12\ 15:00$	
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey	
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+	
總成功樣本 Total sample size	5,063	
回應比率 Response rate	5.7%	
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level	
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字; 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.	

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- <u>最新</u>調查日期 <u>Latest</u> survey date: 17-27/12/2021 (N=5,063)
- <u>上次</u>調查日期 <u>Last</u> survey date: 23-29/11/2021 (N=5,888)
- <u>上上次</u>調查日期 <u>Second last</u> survey date: 18-25/10/2021 (N=5,974)

意見題目	<b>Opinion Questions</b>
你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」? <ul> <li>應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」</li> <li>不應該,應視乎疫情而定</li> <li>不知道/很難說</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?</li> <li>Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally</li> <li>No, it should depend on the epidemic situation</li> <li>Don't know / hard to say</li> </ul>
[追問沒有選擇應該"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? 你認為感染個案清零多少天後,限聚令應該全面撤銷? 請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數]組合	<ul> <li>[For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"]</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people?</li> <li>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?</li> <li>After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether?</li> <li>Please list combinations of [number of cases &amp; number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:</li> </ul>



### 限聚指數 - 分析評論

**Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary** 

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復興經濟民生大聯盟成員任偉豪指出:「林鄭特首已上京述職回來,但依然未能為 港成功爭取通關。原因可能在於中央認為並沒有必要與香港通關,加上西安疫症再 度大爆發以及要應付冬奥此頭等國家大事,如與港通關只會令國家徒添變數。最想 通關的,可能是急於開展施政報告中的大灣區大計的林鄭特首。」

Yam Wai Ho, member of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood observed, "Chief Executive Carrie Lam has gone to Beijing to report her work, but she still failed to obtain border resumption for Hong Kong. The reason may be that China government believes that there is no need to resume the border crossing with Hong Kong, coupled with the recurrence of the Xi'an epidemic and the need to cope with the top national event of the Winter Olympics, border resumption with Hong Kong will only add variables to the country. The person who most wants to resume border may be Chief Executive Carrie Lam, who is eager to carry out the plan for the Greater Bay Area in the Policy Address."