

2022 年 12 月 20 日 新聞公報

香港民研發放今日最新限聚指數

摘要

香港民研早於2020年4月21日啟動「疫後復工指數」先導計劃，目的是提供科學數據讓市民開始討論應該在什麼條件下恢復正常生活，包括工作、個人、家庭、社區和社會層面。及至2021年4月7日，香港民研正式研啟動了「限聚指數」，旨在每天公佈市民對「限聚令」的最新接受程度及市民可接受的限聚人數。在經歷幾個月的測試後，香港民研證實市民對「限聚令」的看法並不會急速改變。因此，香港民研決定每一至兩個月或在政策有改變時才進行一次基準調查，而每日的指數只需在最新基準調查參照表中，查閱每日的確診個案數字即可。今天(2022年12月20日)最新「限聚指數」數值為17.1，並有83%市民認為現時「限聚令」太緊。

最新基準調查樣本資料

調查日期	: 28/10 15:00 – 2/12 15:00
調查方法	: 以電郵接觸群組成員，並於網上完成調查
訪問對象	: 十二歲或以上的香港市民
總成功樣本	: 4,467
回應比率	: 5.3%
抽樣誤差 ^[1]	: 95%置信水平，百分比誤差+/-1%
加權方法	: 按照 1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈、教育程度（最高就讀程度）及經濟活動身分統計數字；2) 常規調查中的政治狀況評價及政治取向分佈，以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。

[1] 此公報中所有誤差數字均以 95%置信水平計算。95%置信水平，是指倘若以不同隨機樣本重複進行有關調查 100 次，則 95 次各自計算出的誤差範圍會包含人口真實數字。由於調查數字涉及抽樣誤差，傳媒引用百分比數字時，應避免使用小數點，在引用評分數字時，則可以使用一個小數點。

最新數據

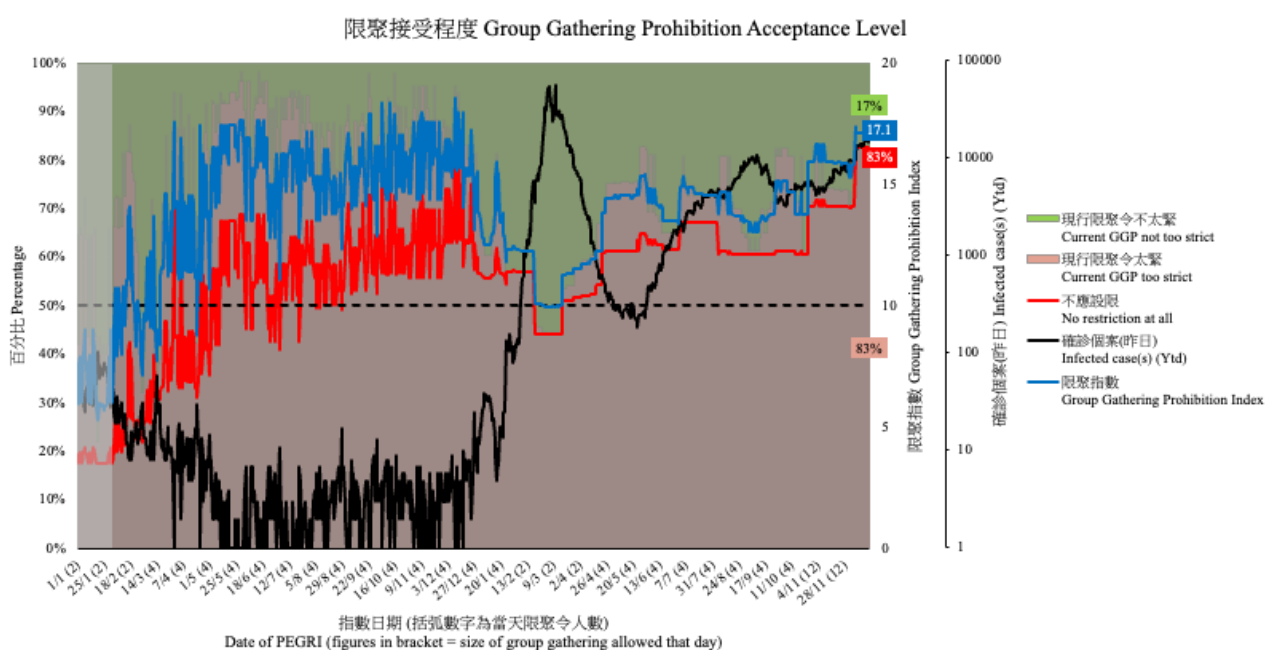
表一：限聚接受程度及限聚指數

日期	14/12/22 ^[2]	15/12/22 ^[2]	16/12/22 ^[2]	17/12/22 ^[2]	18/12/22 ^[2]	19/12/22 ^[2]	20/12/22 ^[2]
確診個案(昨日)	13,721	14,870	17,080	15,726	15,774	16,023	15,383
太鬆	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%
合適	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
太緊	83%	83%	83%	83%	83%	83%	83%
限聚指數 ^[3]	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1

[2] 結果參照第二十五次基準調查。

[3] 香港民研用最近一次基準調查，模擬運算出 20 人為上限設定，這個設定會在每次基準調查後審視一次。

圖一：限聚接受程度及限聚指數



分析評論

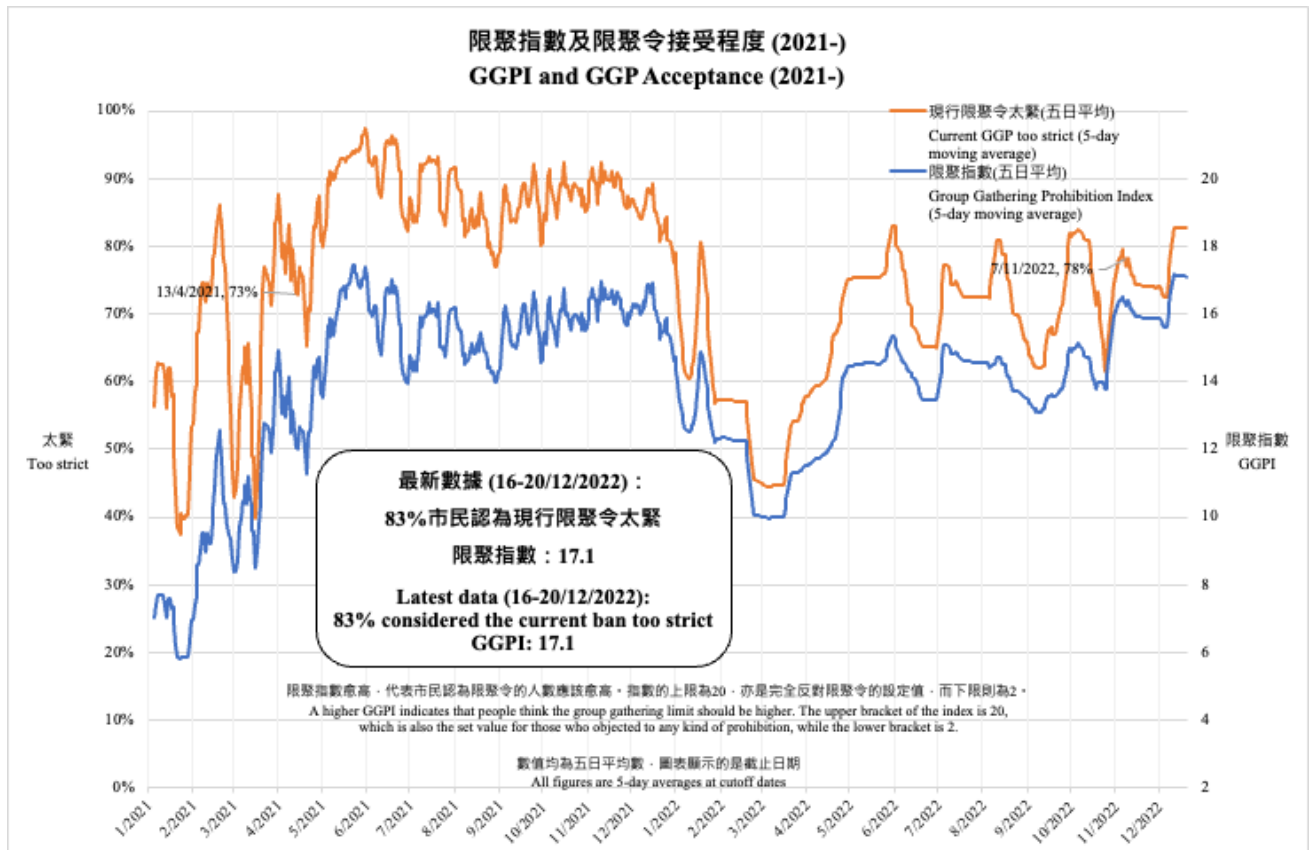
復興經濟民生大聯盟發言人章彤輝博士指出，「隨著一系列專家就新冠病毒致死率降低的定論，大眾對新冠肺炎的恐懼也逐漸降低。就限聚指數而言，當下政府的法令仍然是和市民期望頗有距離的，目前在港的大型聚會的眾多密集人群（如工展會/演唱會）足以印證這點。對於食肆商戶來講，免除安心出行是有利推動消費的，不過要出示疫苗注射記錄則有些動機不明，也希望可以盡快免除。時近年底，零售業興旺的場面還未出現，原因之一是市民的消費信心問題，這在一個側面，也反映了整體經濟仍然疲弱，對於香港這個外向型經濟城市，如何在可見未來盡快復甦，是一個比處理新冠病毒更棘手的問題。」

附錄

請參閱香港民研網站 <https://www.pori.hk>

- 基準調查樣本資料總表 <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix1.html>
- 限聚接受程度及限聚指數結果總表 <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix2.html>

補充資料



Press Release on December 20, 2022

PORI releases today the latest Group Gathering Prohibition Index

Abstract

As early as 21 April 2020, HKPORI piloted the “Post-Epidemic Work Resumption Index (PEWRI, 疫後復工指數)”, which aimed to provide scientific data for people to kick start their discussion under what conditions should everyday life go back to normal, including work, personal, family, community and societal domains. Then on 7 April 2021, PORI officially launched an index called “Group Gathering Prohibition Index (GGPI, 限聚指數)”, which aims to indicate people’s latest acceptance of the “Group Gathering Ban 限聚令” on a daily basis, along with their acceptance of various prohibition limits. Since the public’s view on the gathering ban has proven not to change rapidly after a few months’ test, PORI has decided to run benchmarking surveys only once every one to two month or whenever there are changes in the policy. Daily index figures can be obtained simply by checking on the table of index values versus the number of confirmed cases as compiled from the latest benchmark survey results. **GGPI stands at 17.1 today (20 December 2022), and 83% considered the current ban too strict.**

Contact Information of the Latest Benchmark Survey

Survey date	: 28/10 15:00 – 2/12 15:00
Survey method	: Online survey
Target population	: Hong Kong residents aged 12+
Total sample size	: 4,467
Response rate	: 5.3%
Sampling error ^[1]	: Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
Weighting method	: Rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution, educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution of Hong Kong population from Census and Statistics Department; 2) appraisal of political condition and political inclination distribution from regular tracking surveys.

[1] All error figures in this release are calculated at 95% confidence level. “95% confidence level” means that if we were to repeat a certain survey 100 times with different random samples, we would expect 95 times having the population parameter within the respective error margins calculated. Because of sampling errors, when quoting percentages, journalists should refrain from reporting decimal places, whereas one decimal place can be used when quoting rating figures.

Latest Findings

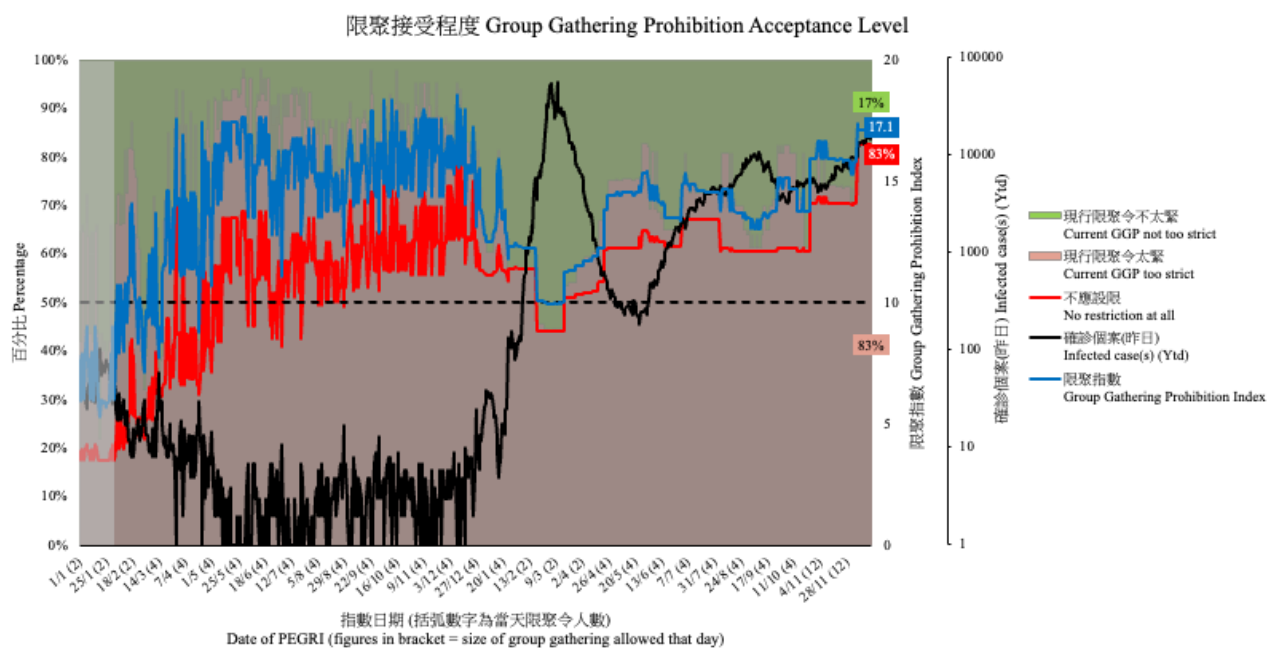
Table 1: Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level & Group Gathering Prohibition Index

Date	14/12/22 ^[2]	15/12/22 ^[2]	16/12/22 ^[2]	17/12/22 ^[2]	18/12/22 ^[2]	19/12/22 ^[2]	20/12/22 ^[2]
Infected case(s) (ytd)	13,721	14,870	17,080	15,726	15,774	16,023	15,383
Too lenient	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%
Appropriate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Too strict	83%	83%	83%	83%	83%	83%	83%
Group Gathering Prohibition Index ^[3]	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1

[2] Results based on the twenty-fifth benchmark survey.

[3] The maximum value is set at 20 persons, according to the simulation of data collected from the latest benchmark survey. This value will be reviewed after each benchmark survey.

Chart 1: Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level & Group Gathering Prohibition Index



Commentary

Dr Tung-fai Cheung, Spokesman of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood, observed, “With a series of expert conclusions on the reduced mortality rate of corona virus, the fear of COVID is gradually reduced. As for GGPI, the government's ordinance is still quite far away from the public's expectations, as evidenced by the large and dense crowds at large gatherings in Hong Kong (e.g. Brands and Products Expo/ concerts). For restaurants, the exemption of LeaveHomeSafe is good for promoting consumption, but the requirement to show vaccination records is a bit unclear, and I hope it can be waived as soon as possible. One of the reasons why the retail industry has not yet seen a boom towards the end of the year is because of the public's confidence in spending, which on the other hand reflects that the overall economy is still weak. For Hong Kong, an externally-oriented economic city, how to recover quickly in the foreseeable future is a more difficult problem than dealing with COVID-19”.

Appendices

Please refer to HKPORI website <https://www.pori.hk/?lang=en>

- Summary table for the contact information of the Benchmark Surveys <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix1.html?lang=en>
- Summary table for Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level & Group Gathering Prohibition Index <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix2.html?lang=en>

Additional Information

